# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per /ISO 14025/ and /EN 15804/

Owner of the Declaration Interface Europe Manufacturing BV

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-INT-20180094-CBC1-EN

Issue date 02.07.2018 Valid to 01.07.2023

# **Modular carpet tiles**

pile material polyamide 6 with 100% recycled content, solution dyed, maximum total pile weight 1500 g/m², Graphlex® backing system

# **Interface®**



www.ibu-epd.com / https://epd-online.com



## **General Information**

Interface®	Modular carpet tiles pile material PA 6 with 100% recycled					
	content, solution dyed, max. total pile weight 1500 g/m², Graphlex® backing system					
Programme holder IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin Germany	Owner of the declaration Interface Europe Manufacturing BV Industrielaan 15 3925 ZG Scherpenzeel The Netherlands					
Declaration number	Declared product / declared unit					
EPD-INT-20180094-CBC1-EN	1 m² tufted modular carpet tiles having a surface pile of recyled polyamide 6 and a Graphlex® backing system					
This declaration is based on the product category rules: Floor coverings, 02/2018 (PCR checked and approved by the SVR)	Scope:  The manufacturer declaration applies to a group of similar products with a maximum total pile weight of 1500 g/m².  The products are tufted in Craigavon, Ireland, or in					
Issue date 02.07.2018	Scherpenzeel, the Netherlands, and they are back coated in Scherpenzeel.					
Valid to 01.07.2023	LCA results for product groups having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annex. Specific data can be calculated by using equation 1 given in the annex (see annex chapter: 'General Information on the annex').					
	The declaration is only valid in conjunction with a valid GUT-/PRODIS/ license of the product.					
	The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.					
/	Verification					
Wiremanes	The standard /EN 15804/ serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to /ISO 14025:2010/					
Prof. DrIng. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)	internally x externally					
Man Peter	Angela Schindle					
Dipl. Ing. Hans Peters	Angela Schindler					

# **Product**

#### **Product description / Product definition**

Tufted modular carpet tiles having a surface pile of solution dyed polyamide 6 with 100% recycled content and a Graphlex® backing system.

Graphlex® backing system:

(Managing Director IBU)

Backing compound based on bitumen, containing recycled filler, glass-fleece reinforcement and polypropylene covering fleece.

Based on a total weight of 5300 g/m<sup>2</sup> the recycled content amounts to 60 %.

The declaration applies to a group of products with a maximum total pile weight of 1500  $g/m^2$ .

LCA results are calculated for products with the maximum total pile weight.

(Independent verifier appointed by SVR)

LCA results for product groups having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annex. The LCA results always refer to the highest total pile weight of the corresponding pile weight category.

Results for similar products with any other total pile weight can be calculated by using equation 1 given in the annex (see annex chapter: 'General Information on the annex').

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For the placing on the market of the product in the EU/EFTA (with the exception of Switzerland) Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 /CPR/ applies. The Declaration of Performance of the products taking into consideration /EN 14041/ and the CE-marking of the products can be found on the manufacturer's technical information section.

#### **Application**

According to the use class as defined in /EN 1307/ the products can be used in all professional area which require class 33 or less.



#### **Technical Data**

Name	Value	Unit
Product Form	Modular carpet tiles	
Floduct Follii	50 cm x 50 cm	_
Type of	Tufted tiles	
manufacture	ruiteu tiles	_
Vara tuna	PA 6 with 100% recycled	
Yarn type	content, solution dyed	-
Secondary backing	Graphlex® backing system	-
Total pile weight	max. 1500	g/m²
Total carpet weight	max. 5300	g/m²

Additional product properties in accordance with /EN 1307/ and performance data of the product in accordance with the Declaration of Performance with respect to its Essential Characteristics according to /EN 14041/ can be found on the Product Information System /PRODIS/ using the /PRODIS/ registration number of the product (www.pro-dis.info) or on the manufacturer's technical information section (www.interface.com).

## Base materials / Ancillary materials

Name	Value	Unit
Polyamide 6	28.3	%
Polyester	2.3	%
Polypropylene	0.9	%
Limestone	39.1	%
Aluminiumhydroxide	3.9	%
Polymere dispersion (dry mass)	9.8	%
Modified bitumen	14.1	%
Glass fibre	0.6	%
Additives	1.0	%

The products are registered in the GUT-/PRODIS/ Information System. The /PRODIS/ system ensures the compliance with limitations of various chemicals and VOC-emissions and a ban on use of all substances that are listed as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) under /REACH/.

#### Reference service life

A calculation of the reference service life according to /ISO 15686/ is not possible.

The service life of textile floor coverings strongly depends on the correct installation taking into account the declared use classification and the adherence to cleaning and maintenance instructions.

A minimum service life of 10 years can be assumed, technical service life can be considerably longer.

## LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared Unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.19	-
Mass reference	5.3	kg/m²

The declared unit refers to 1 m² produced textile floor covering. Output of module A5 'Assembly' is 1 m² installed textile floor covering.

#### System boundary

Type of EPD: Cradle-to-grave

System boundaries of modules A, B, C, D:

#### A1-A3 Production:

Energy supply and production of the basic material, processing of secondary material, auxiliary material, transport of the material to the manufacturing site, emissions, waste water treatment, packaging material

and waste processing up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste). Benefits for generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of production waste are aggregated.

## A4 Transport:

Transport of the packed textile floor covering from factory gate to the place of installation.

#### A5 Installation:

Installation of the textile floor covering, processing of installation waste and packaging waste up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste), the production of the amount of carpet that occurs as installation waste including its transport to the place of installation.

Generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of waste are listed in the result table as exported energy.

Preparing of the floor and auxiliary materials (adhesives, fixing agents, PET connectors) are beyond the system boundaries and not taken into account.

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#### B1 Use:

Indoor emissions during the use stage. After the first year, no product related VOC emissions are relevant due to known VOC decay curves of the product.

#### B2 Maintenance:

Cleaning of the textile floor covering for a period of 1 year:

Vacuum cleaning – electricity supply Wet cleaning – electricity, water consumption, production of the cleaning agent, waste water treatment.

The declared values in this module have to be multiplied by the assumed service life of the floor covering in the building in question (see annex, chapter 'General information on use stage').

#### B3 - B7:

The modules are not relevant and therefore not declared.

#### C1 De-construction:

The floor covering is de-constructed manually and no additional environmental impact is caused.

#### C2 Transport:

Transport of the carpet waste to a landfill, to the municipal waste incineration plant (MWI) or to the waste collection facility for recycling.

#### C3 Waste processing:

C3-1: Landfill disposal need no waste processing.

C3-2: Impact from waste incineration (plant with

R1>0.6), generated electricity and steam are listed in the result table as exported energy.

C3-3: Collection of the carpet waste for recovery in the cement industry, waste processing (granulating).

#### C4 Disposal

C4-1: Impact from landfill disposal,

C4-2: The carpet waste leaves the system in module C3-2.

C4-3: The pre-processed carpet waste leaves the system in module C3-3

#### D Recycling potential:

D-A5: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of packaging and installation waste (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-1: Benefits for generated energy due to landfill disposal of carpet waste at the end-of-life,

D-2: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of carpet waste at the end-of-life (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-3: Benefits for saved fossil energy and saved inorganic material due to recovery of the carpet in a cement plant at the end-of-life, transport from the reprocessing plant to the cement kiln.

#### Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

Background data are taken from the /GaBi database 2018/, service pack 35 and from the /ecoinvent 3.3/ database

# LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information refer to the declared modules and are the basis for calculations or can be used for further calculations. The indicated values refer to the declared functional unit of all products with a maximum total pile weight of 1450 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

Specific information on products having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the annex.

#### Transport to the construction site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel (truck, EURO 0-6 mix)	0.009	I/100km
Transport distance	700	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%

Installation in the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Material loss	0.16	kg

Polyethylene packaging waste and installation waste are considered to be incinerated in a municipal waste incineration plant. Cardboard packaging waste is going to be recycled.

Preparation of the floor and auxiliaries (adhesives, fixing agents, PET connectors, etc.) are not taken into account

#### Maintenance (B2)

Indication per m² floor covering and per year. Depending on the application based on EN ISO 10874, the technical service life recommended by the manufacturer and the anticipated strain on the floor by customers, the case-specific useful life can be established. The effects of Module B2 need to be calculated on the basis of this useful life in order to obtain the overall environmental impacts (see annex, chapter 'General Information on use stage').

Name	Value	Unit
Maintenance cycle (wet cleaning)	1.5	1/year
Maintenance cycle (vacuum cleaning)	208	1/year
Water consumption (wet cleaning)	0.004	m <sup>3</sup>
Cleaning agent (wet cleaning)	0.09	kg
Electricity consumption	0.314	kWh

Further information on cleaning and maintenance see www.interface.com

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## End of Life (C1-C4)

Three different end-of-life scenarios are declared and the results are indicated separately in module C. Each scenario is calculated as a 100% scenario.

Scenario 1: 100% landfill disposal

Scenario 2: 100% municipal waste incineration (MWI)

with R1>0.6

Scenario 3: 100% recycling in the cement industry

If combinations of these scenarios have to be calculated this should be done according to the following scheme:

EOL-impact = x% impact (Scenario 1)

+ y% impact (Scenario 2)

+ z% impact (Scenario 3)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected as mixed construction waste	5.3	ka
(scenario 1 and 2)	5.5	kg
Collected separately (scenario 3)	5.3	kg
Landfilling (scenario 1)	5.3	kg
Energy recovery (scenario 2)	5.3	kg
Energy recovery (scenario 3)	3.0	kg
Recycling (scenario 3)	2.3	kg

# Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Recovery or recycling potentials due to the three endof-life scenarios (module C) are indicated separately.

# $\frac{\textit{Recycling in the cement industry (scenario 3)}}{\textit{NDZ e.V.}}$

The organic material of the carpet is used as secondary fuel in a cement kiln. It mainly substitutes for lignite (62.2%), hard coal (27.3%) and petrol coke (10.5%).

The inorganic material is substantially integrated in the cement clinker and substitutes for original material input.

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## LCA: Results

The results are valid for all declared products with a maximum total pile weight of 1500 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

LCA results for product groups having a lower total pile weight can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annex. The LCA results always refer to the highest total pile weight of the corresponding pile weight category. Results for similar products with any other total pile weight can be calculated by using equation 1 given in the annex (see annex chapter: 'General Information on the annex').

The declared result figures in module B2 have to be multiplied by the assumed service life (in years) of the floor covering in the building under consideration (see annex, chapter 'General Information on use stage').

## Information on un-declared modules:

Modules B3 - B7 are not relevant during the service life of the carpet and are therefore not declared.

Modules C1, C3/1, C4/2 and C4/3 cause no additional impact (see "LCA: Calculation rules") and are therefore not declared. Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3. Column D represents module D/A5.

	Modules C1, C3/1, C4/2 and C4/3 cause no additional impact (see "LCA: Calculation rules") and are therefore not declared. Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3. Column D represents module D/A5.																
DESC	RIPT	ION (	OF THE	SYST	ЕМ ВО	UNDA	RY (X	= IN	CLUD	ED IN	LCA: I	MND =	MOD	ULE	NOT	DECLA	RED)
	PRODUCT STAGE  CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE  CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE  CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE									O OF L			BENEF LC BEYO SY:	FITS AND DADS IND THE STEM IDARIES			
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery.	Recycling- potential
A1	<b>A2</b>	А3	A4	A5	В1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	3 C4		D
Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X I	MNR I	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	MND	Х	X	X		Χ
RESU	LTS	OF T	HE LC	4 - EN\	/IRONI	/ENTA	L IMP	ACT:	1 m²	floorc	overin	g					
Param eter	U	nit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	Е	2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	ı	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
GWP ODP		O₂-Eq.] C11-Eq.	7.90E+		_				1.24E-2 3.40E-16	8.13E+0					0.00E+0	-3.57E+0 -7.76E-12	
AP		D <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	2.09E-2	2 9.24E-	4 7.82E-	4 0.00E	+0 1.4	E-3 5	5.10E-5	4.81E-3	7.93E-	5 9.90E	4 -1.7	9E-4	0.00E+0	-5.57E-3	-2.63E-3
EP POCP		) <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -Eq.] ene-Eq.]	6.01E-3						1.29E-5 2.12E-5	1.22E-3 3.04E-4				-	0.00E+0 0.00E+0	-6.28E-4 -4.70E-4	-2.77E-4 -3.46E-4
ADPE		b-Eq.]	3.71E-6				-		2.12L-3 0.29E-10					-	0.00E+0		-8.41E-8
ADPF		/J]		2 3.06E+		0.00E							_			-4.91E+1	
Captio					= Format	ion poter	itial of tro	posphe	eric ozor		hemical c	oxidants;	ADPE =			and and wa on potentia	
RESU	LTS	OF TI	HE LC	4 - RES	OURC												
Parame	eter I	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2		C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1		)	D/1	D/2	D/3
PERI			5.53E+1	1.70E-1	1.62E+0					4.44E-1	2.10E-1			_	0.00E+0	-1.20E+1	-7.10E-1
PERI PER	-		0.00E+0 5.53E+1	0.00E+0 1.70E-1	0.00E+0 1.62E+0					0.00E+0 4.44E-1	0.00E+0 2.10E-1			_	0.00E+0 0.00E+0	0.00E+0 -1.20E+1	0.00E+0 -7.10E-1
PENF			1.51E+2	3.08E+0	6.29E+0					6.21E+1	5.90E+1				0.00E+0		
PENR			5.85E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0					-5.85E+1	-5.85E+1				0.00E+0	0.00E+0	
PENF SM	-		2.10E+2 3.37E+0	3.08E+0 0.00E+0	6.29E+0 1.47E-1	0.00E+				3.66E+0 0.00E+0	5.58E-1 0.00E+0				0.00E+0 0.00E+0	-6.24E+1 0.00E+0	-1.10E+2 2.31E+0
RSF			0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0				00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0			_	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
NRS			0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0					0.00E+0	0.00E+0				0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.07E+2
FW		[m³]	8.28E-1	3.13E-4	2.48E-2					2.44E-2	2.86E-4					-1.64E-2	-9.80E-3
	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water										= Use of f non- SM = Use						
				4 – OU	TPUT F	LOWS	AND	WAS	STE C	ATEG	ORIES	:					
		overi															
Parame		Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2		C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1			D/1	D/2	D/3
HWE		[kg] [ka]	5.90E-3	1.78E-7	1.71E-4					1.66E-8						-2.54E-8 -2.68F-2	

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	A5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
HWD	[kg]	5.90E-3	1.78E-7	1.71E-4	0.00E+0	1.26E-9	9.82E-9	1.66E-8	2.62E-10	2.39E-8	-8.19E-10	0.00E+0	-2.54E-8	-7.32E-9
NHWD	[kg]	1.09E+0	2.58E-4	6.27E-2	0.00E+0	8.24E-3	1.42E-5	1.04E+0	3.93E-4	5.29E+0	-8.62E-4	0.00E+0	-2.68E-2	-9.96E-2
RWD	[kg]	1.38E-3	4.21E-6	4.50E-5	0.00E+0	3.95E-4	2.32E-7	1.56E-4	9.24E-5	7.96E-5	-1.70E-4	0.00E+0	-5.29E-3	-2.25E-4
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.81E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.31E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.99E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.88E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.52E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.83E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.75E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
T I I	A/D = 11a	-ardaua	vaata dian	acad: NILI	MD - Nor	bozordo	ua vuanta	dianaaad:	DWD - D	adia a ativ	vuonta di	anaaadi C	DIL - Cor	nnononto

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

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Not all of the life cycle inventories applied in this study support the methodological approach for the waste and water indicators. The data are based on publications of industry. The indicators for waste and water of the system are evaluated, but contain a higher degree of uncertainty.

#### References

#### /IBU 2016/

IBU (2016): General Programme Instructions for the Preparation of EPDs at the Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Version 1.1 Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin.

www.ibu-epd.de

## /ISO 14025/

DIN EN /ISO 14025:2011-10/, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

#### /EN 15804/

/EN 15804:2012-04+A1 2013/, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

#### FN 16810

DIN EN 16810: 2017-08: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Environmental product declarations – Product category rules

#### **PCR Part A**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.):
Product Category Rules for Construction Products
from the range of Environmental Product Declarations
of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU),
Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle
Assessment and Requirements on the Background
Report, V1.7, March 2018
www.bau-umwelt.de

#### **PCR Part B**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part B: Requirements on the EPD for floor coverings, V1.2, Febuary 2018 www.bau-umwelt.de

#### EN 1307

DIN EN 1307: 2014+A1:2016: Textile floor coverings - Classification

#### EN 14041

DIN EN 14041: 2008-05: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Essential characteristics

#### ISO 10874

DIN EN ISO 10874: 2012-04: Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Classification

#### EN 13501-1

DIN EN 13501-1:2010-01: Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

#### ISO 15686

ISO 15686: Buildings and constructed assets -Service life planning

ISO 15686-1: 2011-05: Part 1: General principles and framework

ISO 15686-2: 2012-05: Part 2: Service life prediction procedures

ISO 15686-7: 2006-03: Part 7: Performance evaluation for feedback of service life data from practice ISO 15686-8: 2008-06: Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation

#### VDZ e.V

Umweltdaten der deutschen Zementindustrie 2016

#### **CPR**

Construction Producs Regulation, Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011

#### **PRODIS**

Product Information System (PRODIS) of the European Carpet Industry, Gemeinschaft umweltfreundlicher Teppichboden e.V (GUT) and European Carpet and Rug Association (ECRA), http://www.pro-dis.info

#### REACH

Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency (ECHA), European Union Regulation No 1907/2006, June 2017,

#### GaBi database 2018

GaBi Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engeneering, thinkstep AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, service pack 35, 2018

#### ecoinvent 3.3

ecoinvent, Zurich, Switzerland, Database Version 3.3, August 2016

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# **Environmental Product Declaration**

# GUT/Prodis ID:

# **Interface**

Heuga 725

surface pile weight: 570 g/m<sup>2</sup>

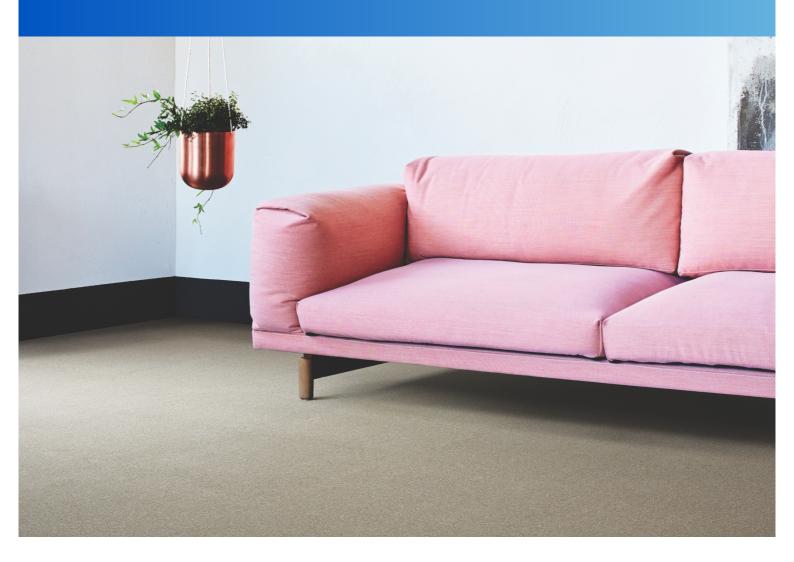
pile material: polyamide 6 with 100% recycled content

backing: Graphlex® backing system

These EPD data are <u>only valid</u> in combination with
the environmental product declaration EPD-INT-20180094-CBC1-EN published by Institut
Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU) and a GUT/Prodis license

This data set gives product specific LCA results

based on the calculation procedure described in the above mentioned EPD.





## Calculation method for similar Products of the EPD document

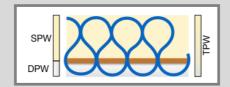
The EPD document is valid for all products with a surface pile weight lower or equal to the declared maximum pile weight of 1500 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

The respective declaration number is EPD-INT-20180094-CBC1-EN .

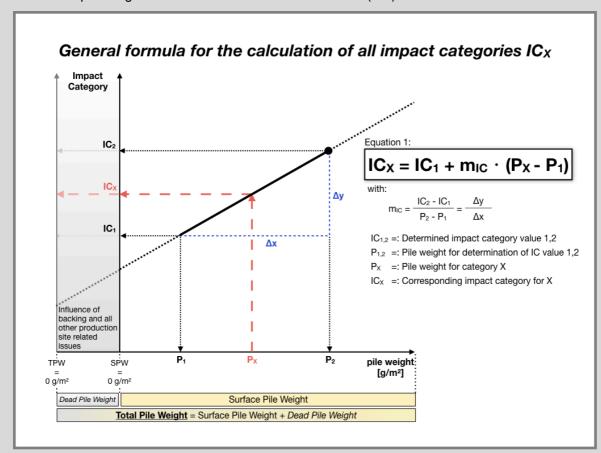
This document indicates more specific LCA results for (a) product(s) with identical material compositions and production parameters. The product(s) belong(s) to the same family of products and only differ in its/their pile weight(s).

LCA results show a linear correlation with the total pile weight, for all impact categories (IC) and all modules (A-D). It is possible to calculate specific LCA results ( $IC_x$ ) for every carpet (x) within the declared group of products in relation to its total pile weight ( $P_x$ ).

The total pile weight (TPW) is the sum of surface pile weight (SPW) and dead pile weight (DPW):



The surface pile weight is the technical relevant value according to EN 1307 and has to be mentioned in technical specification. As shown in the figure below alternatively to the total pile weight the surface pile weight can be used to calculate LCA results (ICx).



**Graph 1:** General formula for the calculation of all impact categories IC<sub>X</sub>.



# General Information on use stages B1 to B7

LCA results indicate environmental impacts resulting from use stage B1 to B7.

For textile floor coverings only modules B1 (use) and B2 (maintenance) are taken into account. Modules B3 (repair), B4 (replacement), B5 (refurbishment), B6 (operational energy use) and B7 (operational water use) are not relevant during the service life of textile floor coverings.

**Module B1** 'use' includes emissions to the indoor air during the use stage. Relevant emissions only occur in the first year of life (see LCA: Calculation rules).

Module B2 'maintenance' includes cleaning procedures.

## Reference service life (RSL)

The actual service life of textile floor coverings depends on a wide range of various impact factors such as the allocation of the application area to the use class, maintenance, intensity of use and most often fashion and building related aspects. Therefore, technical service life cannot be defined for textile floor coverings.

## Total environmental impacts from module B2

Total environmental impacts have to be calculated by taking into account the service life of textile floor coverings. Therefore, the assumed real life (ARSL) has to be used for the calculation of total environmental impacts taking into account the expected use conditions (see RSL). Module B2 (maintenance) is depending on the service life.

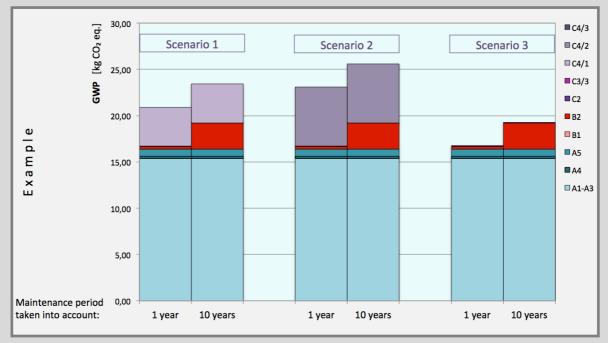
Values for module B2 given in the result tables are indicated for the period of one year. They have to be multiplied by the ARSL of the textile floor covering taking into account building related aspects.

The influence of the maintenance period on the Global Warming Potential (GWP) of the whole life cycle of a textile floor covering - differentiated for 3 end-of-life scenarios - is illustrated in the graph below.

## 3 end-of-life scenarios:

Scenario 1: 100 % Landfill disposal

Scenario 2: 100 % Municipal waste incineration Scenario 3: 100 % Recycling in the cement industry



**Graph 2:** Global Warming Potential (GWP) - aggregation of module A to module C - taking into account a maintenance period of 1 year compared to a maintenance period of 10 years - for the three declared end-of-life scenarios.



# 1. Information on the product Heuga 725

# **Product description**

Name	Value	Unit
Type of manufacture	tufted tiles	-
Yarn type	polyamide 6 with 100% recycled content	-
Total pile weight	720	g/m²
Surface pile weight	570	g/m²
Dead pile weight	150	g/m²
Secondary backing	Graphlex® backing system	-
Product Form	tiles 50 cm x 50 cm	-
Max. total carpet weight	4520	g/m²

## Base materials / Ancillary materials

Name	Value for category	Unit
Polyamide 6	15,9	%
Polyester	2,7	%
Polypropylene	1,1	%
Limestone	45,8	%
Modified bitumen	16,5	%
Aluminiumhydroxide	4,6	%
Polymer dispersion (solid content)	11,5	%
Glass fibre	0,8	%
Additives	1,2	%
Recycled content out of total weight	53 %	%

# LCA: Declared Unit

Name	Value for category	Unit
Declared unit	1,0	m <sup>2</sup>
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0,22	m²/kg
Mass reference	4,5	kg/m²

# LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

All indicated values refer to the declared functional unit

## Transport to the construction site (A4)

Name	Value for category	Unit
Litres of fuel (truck, EURO 0-5 mix)	0,0076	l/100km
Transport distance	700	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%

## Installation in the building (A5)

Name	Value for category				
Material lost	0,14	kg			

# Maintenance (B2)

Indication per m<sup>2</sup> and year

Name	Value for category	Unit
Maintenance cycle (wet cleaning)	1,5	1/year
Maintenance cycle (vacuum cleaning)	208	1/year
Water consumption (wet cleaning)	0,004	m³
Cleaning agent (wet cleaning)	0,09	kg
Electricity consumption	0,314	kWh

## End of Life (C1-C4)

Name	Value for category	Unit
Collected as mixed construction waste (scenario 1 and 2)	4,52	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Collected separately (scenario 3)	4,52	kg/m²
Landfilling (scenario 1)	4,52	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Energy recovery (scenario 2)	4,52	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Energy recovery (scenario 3)	2,21	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Recycling (scenario 3)	2,31	kg/m²



# LCA: Results for Heuga 725

(calculated with a total pile weight of 720 g/m<sup>2</sup>)

The declared result figures in module B2 have to be multiplied by the assumed service time (in years) of the floor covering in the building considered (see chapter: 'General Information on use stages B1 to B7').

## Information on un-declared modules:

Modules B3 - B7 are not relevant during the service life of the carpet and are therefore not declared.

Modules C1, C3/1, C4/2 and C4/3 cause no additional impact and are therefore not declared.

Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3.

# Description of the system boundary

(X = Included in LCA; MDN = Module not declared)

State of production	State of construction phase	State of use	End of life state	Credits and loads after life
X B transport X B manufacturing	X A delivery  Y X Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	Lase use maintenance maintenan	Stop of use / demolition   Stop of use / demolition   X   S	x □ reuse, recovery and recycling potential

# Results for the LCA - Environmental impact: 1 m² floor covering

Para- meter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D/A5	D/1	D/2	D/3
GWP	[kg CO2-eq]	5,23E+00	1,91E-01	4,03E-01	0,00E+00	3,21E-01	1,05E-02	6,35E+00	2,61E-02	3,17E-01	-8,89E-02	0,00E+00	-2,71E+00	-5,59E-01
ODP	[kg CFC11-eq]	2,44E-08	5,28E-15	7,01E-10	0,00E+00	1,37E-08	2,90E-16	1,06E-12	1,16E-13	8,56E-14	-1,94E-13	0,00E+00	-5,89E-12	-9,39E-12
AP	[kg SO2-eq]	1,33E-02	7,93E-04	4,89E-04	0,00E+00	1,41E-03	4,35E-05	2,67E-03	6,76E-05	8,45E-04	-1,40E-04	0,00E+00	-4,23E-03	-2,10E-03
EP	[kg PO4)3-eq]	3,40E-03	2,00E-04	1,24E-04	0,00E+00	4,42E-04	1,10E-05	6,57E-04	6,72E-06	8,82E-04	-1,57E-05	0,00E+00	-4,77E-04	-2,21E-04
POCP	[kg ethen-eq]	1,14E-03	-3,28E-04	2,77E-05	6,29E-05	1,74E-04	-1,81E-05	1,78E-04	4,63E-06	9,54E-05	-1,18E-05	0,00E+00	-3,56E-04	-2,76E-04
ADPE	[kg Sb-eq]	2,29E-06	1,45E-08	6,75E-08	0,00E+00	1,09E-06	7,92E-10	3,15E-08	1,33E-08	3,46E-08	-2,42E-08	0,00E+00	-7,33E-07	-6,73E-08
ADPF	[MJ]	1,24E+02	2,64E+00	3,74E+00	0,00E+00	6,38E+00	1,44E-01	2,46E+00	2,78E-01	4,60E+00	-1,22E+00	0,00E+00	-3,74E+01	-8,43E+01

Caption GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources



# Results for the LCA - Resource use: 1 m<sup>2</sup> floor covering

Para- meter	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	<b>A</b> 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D/A5	D/1	D/2	D/3
PERE	[MJ]	3,69E+01	1,45E-01	1,07E+00	0,00E+00	1,56E+00	7,99E-03	3,71E-01	1,79E-01	3,56E-01	-3,01E-01	0,00E+00	-9,19E+00	-5,74E-01
PERM	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	3,69E+01	1,45E-01	1,07E+00	0,00E+00	1,56E+00	7,99E-03	3,71E-01	1,79E-01	3,56E-01	-3,01E-01	0,00E+00	-9,19E+00	-5,74E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	9,33E+01	2,64E+00	4,56E+00	0,00E+00	7,57E+00	1,45E-01	6,13E+01	5,90E+01	4,79E+00	-1,56E+00	0,00E+00	-4,74E+01	-8,50E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	5,85E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-5,85E+01	-5,85E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	1,52E+02	2,64E+00	4,56E+00	0,00E+00	7,57E+00	1,45E-01	2,80E+00	4,75E-01	4,79E+00	-1,56E+00	0,00E+00	-4,74E+01	-8,50E+01
SM	[kg]	2,57E+00	0,00E+00	1,24E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,31E+00
RSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,17E+01
FW	[m³]	4,04E-01	2,68E-04	1,23E-02	0,00E+00	7,38E-03	1,46E-05	2,00E-02	2,44E-04	-1,22E-05	-4,09E-04	0,00E+00	-1,25E-02	-7,57E-03

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PERE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERF = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

# Results for the LCA - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m<sup>2</sup> floor covering

Para- meter	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	<b>A</b> 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D/A5	D/1	D/2	D/3
HWD	[kg]	2,84E-03	1,53E-07	8,21E-05	0,00E+00	1,26E-09	8,37E-09	1,61E-08	2,23E-10	2,05E-08	-6,35E-10	0,00E+00	-1,93E-08	-4,87E-09
NHWD	[kg]	6,17E-01	2,21E-04	4,90E-02	0,00E+00	8,24E-03	1,22E-05	1,04E+00	3,35E-04	4,51E+00	-6,67E-04	0,00E+00	-2,02E-02	-9,93E-02
RWD	[kg]	1,21E-03	3,62E-06	3,91E-05	0,00E+00	3,95E-04	1,98E-07	1,31E-04	7,88E-05	6,79E-05	-1,33E-04	0,00E+00	-4,01E-03	-1,83E-04
CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,81E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,31E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,21E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,79E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,15E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,86E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,09E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy